



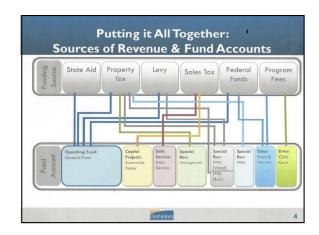
# AN INDEPENDENT VOICE FOR CENTRAL IOWA TAXPAYERS

December 2019

# **ICYMI**

In case you missed the last **T.A.C.I. in the Tavern**, here's a brief recap:

The diagram on the right gives you an idea of the complexity of public school budgets. Numerous accounts and funding sources, but strict limitations on how funds can be spent, thanks to Dillon's Rule. This 100-year-old ruling



limits districts to spending funds only on items specified by state law. An account may be flush with monies, but if the district wants to spend on something not specifically designated for that account, it cannot be done. This rule, together with the state funding formula presents real budgeting dilemmas for some districts.

#### Realities that impact all lowa school districts:

- The lowa legislature establishes the cost per student that each district receives. It is currently set at \$6880.
- Schools are budget limited, but not rate limited. If property values double, the property tax rate falls; a district will not have additional money to spend.
- The tax rate is driven by the state funding formula more than district actions. The
  formula does not take into account variables within a district such as the number of
  English Language Learners, special needs students, or poverty levels.
- 80% of a district's budget is personnel costs.

Challenges unique to three central lowa districts: (Click each school link for the complete presentation from their representatives.)

#### **Des Moines Public Schools**

- shrinking enrollment and lower property values than suburban districts
- district has \$90M in the general fund, but faces a \$24M budget deficit because they
  do not have the authority to spend general funds on salaries--thus must cut
  personnel.
- The recent approval of PPEL reduces the deficit to \$17M, but the district must continue to look for creative ways to increase revenue or decrease expenses.
- 76% of DSM students are at the federal poverty level.

## **Southeast Polk Community Schools**

- Due to the lower property values in the district, SE Polk is a property poor district and relies more on state aid than a district with higher property values
- The district has reduced its property tax rate by \$6/1000 in the last 5 years by refinancing debt and securing a better bond rating. Some increase in property values can be attributed to the maturation of TIF (Tax Increment Financing) properties in the district.

# **Waukee Community Schools**

- One of the fastest growing districts in the state. Added 500 students last year.
- Challenged to keep up with infrastructure and building needs of growing enrollment

For an in-depth look at lowa's school funding process, check out **School Finance Basics** at lowa School Finance Information Services.



In January we look at Part IV of **Understanding Your Property Tax Statement.** We'll hear from representatives from the tri-county area: Polk, Dallas, and Warren counties.

Mark your calendar--January 8, 2020 at the Cub Club.

### **REGISTER NOW**

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